Energy Efficiency Teem

Activity Book

Know what's **below. Call before you dig.**

PUCN

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ENERGY EFFICIENCY TEAM COLORING PAGE

In this activity book, the Energy Efficiency Team will teach you how to be energy efficient and conserve energy. If a word is highlighted in red, you can find a definition for the word in the glossary on page 13. When you complete all of the activities in this book, you will earn a certificate to be a member of the Energy Efficiency Team. Get started now by coloring the members of the Energy Efficiency Team below.



SUPER LIGHT SECRET MESSAGE

Families in Southern Nevada spend about \$153 each month on electricity. In Northern Nevada, families spend about \$93 each month on electricity. We use electricity for a lot of things, like heaters and air conditioners, hot water, lights, washing and drying clothes, refrigerators, TVs, DVD players, game players, and computers.

Kids can help their parents save money on electric bills by doing simple things like turning off the lights, TV, computer and game players when they're done using them.

Decode Super Light's secret message below to begin being energy smart!



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NATALIE GAS FUN FACT: A typical American home has between 50 and 100 light bulb sockets. How many are in your home?

ENERGY SAVING CROSSWORD PUZZLE



ACROSS

- 1. Turn off your ______ games when you're done playing.
- 5. Keep ______ closed when the heat or air conditioning is on.
- 6. _____ your cell phone charger when you're not using it.
- 7. Take short ______ instead of baths.
- 8. Know what you want to eat before ______ the refrigerator door and letting cold air escape.

DOWN

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- 2. Keep ______ that open to the outside closed when the heat or air conditioning is on.
- 3. Always turn off the ______ when you leave a room.
- 4. Turn off your _____ when you're done using it.
- 9. Turn ______ the TV when you're done watching it.

ENERGY WASTE COLORING PAGE





NATALIE GAS FUN FACT: Power plants have to produce enough electricity to supply customers every second of every day at the moment electricity is needed. Electric power plants cannot store electricity for future use.

CATCH ENERGY BURNER MAZE



SOURCES OF ELECTRICITY WORD SEARCH



Electricity is made from the sources listed below. Find and circle these words in the puzzle. Use the glossary on page 13 to learn more about these energy sources.



- biomass
 - coal

• geothermal

hydroelectricnatural gas

•

petroleum

- solar
- windnuclear

	~		~	~	••		a -						~	
N	C	X	G	G	V	M	G	M	N	Y	Z	W	G	
S	L	D	V	K	E	D	U	U	Y	S	S	R	H	H
X	W	A	X	J	K	0	С	I	A	E	Q	V	Z	0
S	Ρ	U	0	J	I	L	Т	G	Ρ	Q	A	R	Ι	J
N	E	D	F	С	E	0	L	H	V	R	R	W	A	Т
Q	K	S	N	A	Ρ	A	F	H	E	R	A	D	0	V
С	H	Μ	R	U	R	I	Ρ	D	С	R	R	L	F	L
H	Z	B	A	U	Q	С	F	N	I	С	Μ	B	0	Μ
С	L	K	Т	I	С	Т	Z	I	K	Т	K	A	D	S
I	Q	A	Α	W	E	V	Z	W	K	Ρ	F	G	L	С
X	N	Z	V	K	Т	D	B	I	0	Μ	A	S	S	H
Q	D	Т	D	N	N	V	B	Z	U	U	С	Α	Z	F
B	Μ	U	E	L	0	R	Т	E	Ρ	B	Т	Ρ	G	X
U	I	С	Ι	R	Т	С	E	L	E	0	R	D	Y	H
H	J	0	Y	F	F	S	J	S	N	J	E	G	V	В



HOW ELECTRICITY GETS TO

After you read all the steps below describing the process for delivering electricity to homes, have fun coloring in the images!

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In power plants, an energy source (hydroelectricity, solar, natural gas, geothermal, coal, biomass, wind or nuclear) is used to turn turbines. The turbines turn electromagnets that are surrounded by heavy coils of copper wire. The moving magnets cause the electrons in the copper wire to move from atom to atom, generating electricity.

Most of the electricity we use in Nevada comes from natural gas power plants. But a lot of our electricity also comes from renewable energy. A plant that uses solar, wind or water to generate electricity looks different, but the process to get electricity to your home is the same.

It's a big process to get electricity from a power plant. Power plants are often miles and miles away from cities and towns.









A meter on your house measures how much energy your family uses. Energy use is calculated in kilowatt-hours or the number of kilowatts of power used times the number of hours of use in a onemonth billing period.

The average household in Southern Nevada uses 1,145 kilowatt-hours each month. The average Northern Nevada household uses 758 kilowatt-hours.

Kilowatt is on a mission to save Watts! Use the grid below to finish drawing Kilowatt. Use color to give Kilowatt life!





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	WHAT DID YOU LEARN?
S	how Energy Burner that you know how to be <mark>energy efficient</mark> . Write five things that you can do to save money and conserve energy on the lines below. One answer has been provided for you already.
1.	Turn off the lights when you leave a room.
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
	Rats! Foiled Again by the Energy Efficiency Team!

ANSWER KEY



GLOSSARY

Sources of Information for this

activity book:

Public Utilities Commission of

Nevada, Regulatory Operations

Staff

Kids

Energy Use

e-SMART Kids, Energy Glossary

• KidsKonnect.com, Electricity

• U.S. Energy Information

• U.S. Department of Energy, Kids

Administration, Energy Kids

Saving Energy

• eHow.com, Light bulb Facts for

• Energystar.gov, Fast Facts on

Biomass: Organic materials, such as wood and garbage, that can be burned to produce energy.

<u>Coal</u>: A solid fossil fuel found in the earth. Coal is burned to make electricity.

<u>Compact Flourescent Light Bulb/CFL</u>: A lightbulb that emits light because the gas inside it glows when it is charged by electricity.

<u>Current</u>: The movement or flow of electricity.

Distribution Lines: Overhead or on the ground power lines that carry electricity to homes and businesses.

Energy Conservation: Using less energy. For example, you conserve energy when you turn the lights off when you leave a room.

Energy Efficiency/Efficient:

Using less energy to do the same activity. For example, taking a shorter shower is an example of using less energy (for water heating) to do the same thing.

Geothermal Energy: Energy that is generated by converting hot water or steam from deep beneath the earth's surface into electricity.

<u>Hydroelectricity</u>: Electricity that is generated when falling water makes a turbine spin.

Incandescent bulb: A lightbulb that emits light due to the glowing of a heated filament inside it.

Kilowatt: 1,000 watts of electricity.

Kilowatt-Hour (kWh): One kilowatt of electricity being used over a period of one hour.

Meter: A device tat measures the amount of electric <u>Watt:</u> A measure of the amount of work done by a energy consumed by a residence or business.

Natural Gas: A fossil fuel found deep in the earth. Natural gas is often found with oil.

Nuclear Energy: Energy that is released

from the splitting of the atoms of radioactive materials (such as uranium) and then harnessed to generate electricity.

Petroleum: An oily, thick, flammable, darkcolored liquid that occurs naturally below the Earth's surface. Petroleum is burned to produce electricity.

<u>Power Plant</u>: A place where electricity is generated.

Power Line: An overhead or underground wire used to carry electricity.

<u>Renewable Energy Resources</u>: Fuels that can be

easily made or renewed, such as solar power, wind power, and hydropower.

<u>Solar Energy</u>: A renewable energy source that produces electricity from the sun.

Solar Panels: A device that collects energy from the sun and converts it to electricity.

Substation: A facility where transformers lower electricity's voltage.

Thermostat: A device that controls the temperature of a heating or cooling system.

Transformer: A device used to increase or decrease electricity's voltage and current.

Transmission Lines: Power lines that carry electricity long distances.

Utility: A company or organization that provides electricity, natural gas, or water.

<u>Voltage:</u> A measure of the pressure under which electricity flows.

certain amount of amerpage of electric current at a certain pressure or voltage.

<u>Wind Energy</u>: A renewable energy source that uses the force of the wind to spin turbines and generate electricity.

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ENERGY EFFICIENCY TEAM MEMBERSHIP



This certificate is presented to:

For successfully completing training to become a member of the Energy Efficiency Team





The mission of the Public Utilities Commission of Nevada ("PUCN") is to supervise and regulate the operation and maintenance of utility services in Nevada.



NORTHERN NEVADA 1150 E. William Street Carson City, NV 89701 Phone: (775) 684-6101 Fax: (775) 684-6110 Consumer Complaints: (775) 684-6100



SOUTHERN NEVADA 9075 W. Diablo Dr., Ste. 250 Las Vegas, NV 89148 Phone: (702) 486-7210 Fax: (702) 486-7206 Consumer Complaints: (702) 486-2600

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